
Ecology Team Consultation Response	
Date:	22.07.2026
Planning Ref:	4/26/2212/0N1
Description:	Prior notification for the full demolition of a complex of vacant agricultural buildings.

The County Ecologist accepts the HRA submitted in July 2026.

Suggested Planning Conditions

Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)

A CEMP is to be produced to be in line with the HRA and to detail the procedures for protecting the environment during construction to address the following points (but not limited to):

- Pollution prevention control
- Dust mitigation
- Impaction of habitats
- Species protection during construction (see below)
- A sensitive lighting scheme for bats and other wildlife

Breeding Birds

Works should be completed outside of the breeding bird period (March – August inclusive). If this is not possible a breeding bird check should be carried out no more than 48 hours prior to the planned development to ensure no birds and their nests are present within habitat/buildings that may be directly or indirectly impacted. If active nests are discovered an appropriate buffer zone should be established and works within that area ceased until the young have naturally fledged.

Badgers and Small Mammals

All development work should be carried out with care to avoid badgers and small mammals such as hedgehogs. Contractors should be briefed about the potential presence of small mammals and should adopt the following precautionary method of works:

- All work must take place during daylight hours.

- Should any trenches and excavations be required, an escape route for animals that enter the trench must be provided, especially if left open overnight. Ramps should be no greater than of 45 degrees in angle. Ideally, any holes should be securely covered.
- All excavations left open overnight or longer should be checked for animals prior to the continuation of works or infilling. Back filling should be completed immediately after any excavations, ideally back filling as an on-going process to the work in hand.
- Stored materials should be raised (i.e. stored on pallets) in order to ensure that wildlife such as hedgehogs do not shelter in the piles.

Bats

If, during the works, bats are discovered, then works must cease and advice sought from an ecologist who holds a Level 2 bat licence from Natural England.

A bats-specific lighting scheme will be designed during construction to minimise light impact. This should be in line with the guidance note for Bats and Artificial Lighting (Bat Conservation Trust, 2023).

Amphibians and Reptiles (herptiles)

As a precautionary approach, the following measures must be followed:

- During the development, measures should be put in place to discourage herptiles from using the development area, the creation of any piles of earth, materials and rubble which could form potential artificial hibernacula and refuge should be avoided at all times. Any spoil or rubble will be removed immediately to skips, or on hard standing or short grass. This will ensure that no potential herptile hibernation or resting sites are created.
- The storage of all loose materials must be palletised or similar so they are off the ground whenever possible.
- Should any trenches and excavations be required, an escape route for animals that enter the trench must be provided, especially if left open overnight. Ramps should be no greater than of 45 degrees in angle. Ideally, any holes should be securely covered. This will ensure herptiles are not trapped during work.
- All excavations left open overnight or longer are be checked for animals prior to the continuation of works or infilling. Back filling should be completed immediately after any excavations, ideally back filling as an on-going process to the work in hand.